



User Manual - Full Version

for Electronic Speed Controller OXIDE 1/8 Offroad

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The latest version of manual you will find here

http://www.elceram-rc.cz/download/

Datum of Revision	Description





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1. Introduction

Thank you for purchasing OXIDE 1/8 and for your trust in ELCERAM product. By this decision, you have chosen a new generation electronic speed controller (ESC) for sensored brushless motors developed especially for 1/8 offroad RC cars, endowed with many unique features and functions.

Using the advanced technologies, OXIDE 1/8 is a high-performance device requiring a professional approach. Improper usage and unauthorized modification to our product is extremely dangerous and may damage the product and related devices. We, ELCERAM, are not responsible for any damages occurred by unprofessional or unsuitable way of using our product.

Please, take your time and read the following instructions carefully before you start using your ESC!

We reserve rights to modify our product design, appearance, features and usage requirements without notification.

2. Warning and Safety

- Please read all instructions carefully before using the product!
- To avoid short circuits, ensure that all wires and connections are well insulated before connecting the ESC to related devices. Ensure all devices are well connected to prevent poor connections and avoid damage to your electronic devices.
- Read through the manuals of all power devices and chassis and ensure the power configuration is rational before using this unit.
- Please use a soldering iron with the power of at least 60W to solder all input/output wires and connectors.

- The device has to be disconnected from battery if not used!
- It is the high-power electronic device, please double check the polarity of battery interconnection! Incorrect connection to the battery cause damage of the external capacitor. We are not responsible for a product damage caused by the incorrect battery connection.
- It is professional top level racing product and it is extremely important to double check the setting before use!
- This product is not a toy and it is not intended for children. Users under 18 years should use this





product only with the direct supervision of a responsible and knowledgeable adult. Keep this product away from the reach of small children.

- Do not touch the device Immediately after using, it can generate high temperatures. If the temperature of ESC is higher than 70°C, the buttons can be hot. Please, wait until it cools down to 50°C before you switch it off by button, or switch the ESC from the battery for switch off.
- Stop the usage immediately once the temperature of the ESC exceeds 130°C, as this may cause damage to both the ESC and motor. We recommend setting the "ESC Thermal Protection" to 130°C (this refers to the internal temperature of the ESC).
- Never leave the device unsupervised while it is switched on, in use or connected with a power

- source. If a defect occurs, it could cause a damage or fire of the product or the surroundings.
- Never wrap your product in plastic film, metal foil or similar, if it is switched on.
- Never allow this product to come in contact with water, oil, fuels or other electroconductive liquids.
- Never place this product near the source of fire or very high temperatures.
- Never disconnect ESC from the battery while the motor is turning (while pressing the throttle).

3. Key Features and Specifications

- Developed especially for 1/8th offroad professional RC cars.
- For sensored BLDC motors up to 2300 kV.
- TFT LCD color display with resolution 160 x 80 pixels, matt surface.
- Size: 50 (L) x 40 (W) x 28 (H) mm.
- Weight: 112 g without wires / wires AWG11 200 mm.
- Ultra low centre of gravity.
- Power supply: 2S 4S LiPo.
- ESC current cont. / pulsed: 200 A / 1500 A.
- BEC: 6 8,4 V adjustable, BEC current Cont. / Peak: 6A/15A
- Reverse polarity protection.
- Intelligent algorithms for ESC protection.
- Enhanced water and dust resistance.
- Extreme low internal resistance based on silver conductive layer.
- Advanced Cooling Technology based on Aluminium Oxide Ceramic Cooler.
- Revolutionary battery current and discharge real-time monitoring
- Continuous BEC voltage monitoring.
- Continuous motor speed monitoring.
- RPM limiter supported.
- Revolutionary easy Rx calibration.
- Realtime monitoring: battery voltage, ESC and motor temperatures, motor diagnostics and more.

- Self-diagnostic before the race: motor temperature, sensor cable, bed motor, battery, BEC voltage and more.
- Post-race data evaluation.
- Easy programming: throttle, brake, boost and turbo timing, hall angle, BEC and many other functions.
- Race data logging, temperature and other curves, histograms and more.
- Adjustable maintenance reminder for easy check.
- No programming interface needed.
- Designed and produced in Czech Republic.
- Thoroughly tested under race conditions.
- Zero Timing (Blinky Mode) supported.





4. Installation

OXIDE 1/8 installation is very easy. You can stick it directly to the chassis of your car using the double-sided tape sticked on the Aluminium Oxide Cooler at the bottom side of ESC. The double-sided tape is included in the package. We recommend for example tape type 3M GPH-110. OXIDE 1/8 can be also installed using two screws M2.5.

If better cooling effect desired, you can stick OXIDE on any thermal conductive plate (for example aluminium) in the car.











5. Connections



External capacitors

External capacitors are highly recommended to use together with OXIDE 1/8. External capacitors are included in the package. It can be also ordered as a spare part nr. ELC013 or you can use any other external capacitors with following parameters: Aluminium electrolytic, low ESR, double 560uF/35V minimum.

Soldering tips

Please use a soldering iron with the power of at least 60W to solder all input/output wires and connectors.





Reverse polarity protection

ESC is protected against reversing + and – wires when connecting battery and will also protect your receiver, servo and everything else connected to BEC. It will NOT protect anything connected directly to battery wires. It will NOT protect external capacitors.

! WARNING!: external capacitors will be usually destroyed by reversing polarity, suffering internal damage and/or their protection diode burned itself to protect you against cap explosion. Always replace the caps after reversing polarity. Failed capacitors may overheat and short the battery causing fire and will destroy your ESC in short to medium term when running at power even if quick tests shows ESC powering up and motor working correctly.





Main Screen Description and Basic Control of ESC



To enter to the General Settings press simultaneously for 4 seconds

Basic Description of ESC Using

The using of ESC is very simple and there is no other programming interface needed.

Turning on

After short pressing of ON/OFF/ENTER button, the ESC will be switched on.

Turning off

If you press ON/OFF/ENTER for about 3 seconds the ESC will be switched off. The ESC can be switched off also by disconnecting from the battery (always allow motor to fully stop before disconnecting battery).





7. Programming and Screens schema

GUI uses following design patterns:

White is static text.

Blue numbers are values updated in real time.

Pink are settings that you can change.

Exception to that is main screen which is optimized for maximum readability during quick checks before race. Temperature and voltage numbers there use "semaphore" color scheme: low temperatures and full voltage are green to indicate ready for race status and they go up to red when hot and discharged.

Buttons are multifunctional. There is the help text on the display just above every button showing what will happen if you press the button. The text above the ENTER button is underlined sometimes. That means you have two possibilities depending on how long you press the button. For example: reset/<u>next</u>. Short press = reset, Long press = next.

Changing values: value being edited flashes, you can increase/decrease it by left and right button. These buttons can also have special meaning in rare cases - follow description above button. Values are applied immediately and saved to ESC's internal flash memory after last item on the screen has been entered.

Features are accessible for setting in real-time, even when the motor is running. You have to be careful and have on your mind that it can cause destruction of some components if used without proper caution.

There are 3 Menu loops available - picture below:

1) Race data loop - LCD backlight Black

In this menu loop you can monitor race data and events before race, there is no ESC setup here. You can move through the Race data loop using left or right buttons. For any action on the screen press ENTER button - see the help above the button. The most of race information will be reset after the ESC is switched off. Exceptions are maintenance and data on ESC history screen.

2) Setting 1 loop - LCD backlight Blue

For entry to this Setting hold right and left button simultaneously for about 2 s. For return, hold both buttons again.

You can set all the most important parameters of your ESC for the race in this loop.

3) Setting 2 loop - LCD backlight Yellow

For entry to this Setting hold right and left button simultaneously about 4 s. For return, hold both buttons again.

You will probably use this loop less frequently than Setting 1. Here you can set basic parameters shared across all profiles.





Screens schema:





Push Settings buttons for **4** sec.







RACE DATA	Item	Comments			
Main screen					
	Active profile name	In top left corner. You can switch profiles in blue PROFILE screen.			
	EVENT flag	Shows up when there was at least one event generated. Flag is yellow for warning events, red if there is at least one error event. You can see the events on separate screen to the left, see description below.			
	batt	Battery voltage shown in "semaphore" colors: green is fully charged, ready for race, blue is standard color, yellow and then red when discharged to the selected battery protection limit. Voltage limit can be set in blue PROTECTION screen. Number will be flashing for a moment after each battery overload.			
dirt batt 15.3 V	Timing setting	Shown in format: boost setting (with B), turbo setting (T) and virtual hall angle (°). Set timings in blue configuration screens. Special green string will be shown for stock racing with zero boost, you can customize it in GUI CUSTOMIZATION yellow screen.			
0 mot 26 °C 126 mAh esc 25 °C	SENS flag (blinking)	Motor sensor cable problem detected. Check connector, wire insulation etc. You can use sensor readout on Main screen/info for easier diagnostics.			
<events data="" info=""></events>	RX flag (blinking)	No RX signal detected. Most likely you do not have your transmitter turned on. For more troubleshooting tips check later chapters of this manual. There is a numerical Rx value in this place if radio link is established.			
	mot	Motor temperature. Color scheme is "semaphore" – green = cold, ready for race; blue = standard readout, yellow and red= heated up to the selected limit. Motors without temperature sensor will show "LOW".			
	esc	ESC temperature. Color scheme is "semaphore" – green = cold, ready for race; blue = standard readout, yellow and red= heated up to the selected limit. Temperature limits are set in blue PROTECTION screen.			
	Current/Battery discharge	Big number in lower left corner. Shows current draw when the motor is running, switches to discharged capacity every time motor stops.			
Main screen/info					
	Motor runtime	First number: how long was motor running during this session, second number: length of this session. Session starts at power up and ends when you turn the ESC off.			
Motor runtime: 0:51/15:30 RPM max: 32.6k avg: 25.0k	RPM max	Highest rpm reached during this session			
Revs: 21.6 k BEC: 5.95 V	avg	Average rpm in this session. Computed only from the time when motor was turning (first number on top line)			
Sensor: -B - Current: 0,2 A	Revs	Motor revolutions in this session.			
<events back="" data=""></events>	BEC	BEC voltmeter. You can set required voltage in BEC blue settings screen.			
	Sensor	Input from motor sensor cable. Normally in blue, one or two letters shown. Shown in red if an invalid state is detected. Turn the motor one full revolution to check all signals from motor.			
	Current	Current flowing through ESC – sum of motor current, everything connected to BEC cable and internal ESC draw.			
LOG	Screen shows minim	um, current and maximum values recorded during this session.			
	batt	Battery voltage			
LOG min max batt 7.2V 16.4V 16.9V	BEC	BEC voltage			
BEC 5.6V 5.9V 5.9V Tmot 14°C 34°C 37°C	T mot	Motor temperature			
curr -22.6A 0.2A 768.8A	T ESC	ESC temperature			
<main <u="">reset graphs></main>	curr	Current draw			
GRAPHS kRPM					
GRAPHS kRPM 40 20 40 40 Adata next histogram>	Shows motor rpm history during this session. Horizontal axis is in minutes, vertical in thousands of rpm. You can customize axes in yellow "GRAPHS CUSTOMIZATION" screen. Darker blue shows extremes, averages are brighter.				
GRAPHS BATTERY					
GRAPHS BATTERY 9 8 7 <data histogram="" next=""></data>	Shows battery voltage history during this session. Horizontal axis is in minutes, vertical in volts. Vertical scale is set by 2S/4S switch in yellow CONFIG screen. Darker yellow shows extremes, averages are brighter. You can customize horizontal axis scale in yellow "GRAPHS CUSTOMIZATION" screen.				
GRAPHS BEC					
GRAPHS BEC 8 7 4 min 6 8 5 <data histogram="" next=""></data>	Shows BEC voltage history during this session. Horizontal axis is in minutes, vertical in volts. Darker yellow shows extremes, averages are brighter. You can customize horizontal axis scale in yellow "GRAPHS CUSTOMIZATION" screen.				



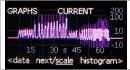


GRAPHS THROTTLE



Throttle position history during this session. Horizontal axis in minutes, vertical from full brake to full throttle. Darker green shows extremes, averages are brighter. You can customize horizontal axis scale in yellow "GRAPHS CUSTOMIZATION" screen.

GRAPHS CURRENT



Current draw history. Current can be negative when braking and in some special cases when motor slows down — energy is recuperated back to battery. Scale is nonlinear to show small values in detail while preserving peaks. You can switch vertical scale by long middle button press and customize horizontal axis scale in yellow "GRAPHS CUSTOMIZATION" screen.

GRAPHS ESC TEMP



ESC temperature history during this session. Red line is core temperature, measured in ceramic cooler, pink line shows temperature of internal capacitors. Horizontal axis in minutes, vertical is temperature. You can customize temperature units in GUI CUSTOMIZATION yellow screen and horizontal axis scale in yellow "GRAPHS CUSTOMIZATION" screen.

GRAPHS MOTOR TEMP



Motor temperature history during this session. Horizontal axis in minutes, vertical is temperature. You can customize temperature units in GUI CUSTOMIZATION yellow screen and horizontal axis scale in yellow "GRAPHS CUSTOMIZATION" screen.

HISTOGRAM RPM



Histogram of motor rpm during this session. In this case motor have spent most time just below 20k rpm and only very small time above 40k.

Use this histogram to optimize your car and/or driving habits: most of time on this track is spent in rather slow speed and you should focus on car control these regimes.

HISTOGRAM FULL THROTTLE



Histogram of motor rpm when on full throttle. Similar to rpm histogram but time at brake or partial throttle is not shown here.

Use this histogram to optimize your motor power and/or driving habits: your car has spent most of time at low speed but you do not need more power there because you only need press the throttle more. But you are using full power above 30k and getting more power there through ESC settings or different motor or gearing etc. would be beneficial. For more power at slower speeds, you may consider using throttle expo.

HISTOGRAM FULL ACCEL



Similar to full throttle histogram but this one is biased towards time when you *begin* to use full power. Rationale behind this is simple – you have to optimize power at the beginning of straights, because any velocity advantage you gain here helps you to be faster during whole time until braking. In our example, car has spent most time below 20k (green histogram), went on straights between 30 and 50k (red histogram), but most important accelerations and most power needs are just above 30k rpm (this histogram).

Use this histogram to optimize your motor power and/or driving habits: explore the envelope, find most important power needs and optimize drivetrain accordingly.

List of tracked maintenance items together with their current life cycle percent. See MAINTENANCE CONFIG blue screen for

HISTORY

HISTORY
Motor runtime: 0:05:11
rotations: 100k
Max ESC temperature: 87 °C
<histogram maint>

These are values collected during whole ESC's lifetime. They cannot be reset.

Please note: these are not zero when you buy new ESC – values come from output stress tests in the factory.

MAINTENANCE

MAINTENANCE
--- 0%
--- 0%
--- 0%
--- 0%
<firstSec reset events>

Press middle button and choose an item to reset it to zero.

instruction how to set it up.





List of events generated in this session. Time of first occurrence is on the left, event count is on the right. See later chapter of this manual for more info on event system.

SETTING 1	Parameter Name	Default value	Typical value	Min. value	Max. value	Comments
Profile		value	- value		raide	
PROFILE active profile: default <rx <u="" calib="">change throttle></rx>	You c	an choose ac	tive profile he	re. Each profile h	as its own set	t of parameters (blue screens, listed below).
Throttle	PWM	8 kHz	8 kHz	1 kHz	45 kHz	Lower PWM frequency = more current through motor and more aggressive throttle response
THROTTLE PWM: 8.0 kHz expo: 0 response: +0	expo	0	0	-64	+64	Zero = linear / line Positive expo = logarithmical curve = more mid throttle power Negative expo = exponential curve = less mid throttle power
throttle: 0% <profile <u="">adit brake></profile>	response	0	0	-15	+10	Changes sensitivity of your throttle. Bigger value means quicker response of the throttle Use positive value if you want sharp reactions and you have quality transmitter/receiver combo. Use negative value if you want calmer, less nervous behavior.
Brake						
BRAKE	min	0 %	5 %	0 %	50%	Initial brake force – at the point where you move the throttle from neutral position to the brake. If Drag brake is activated, min brake = drag brake
min: 8% max: 100%	max	100 %	95 %	1 %	200 %	Maximum brake force
expo: 0 dragB 10% PWM: 2.0 kHz parkB off brake: -10% <throatle edit="" reverse=""></throatle>	expo	0	0	-125	125	Zero = linear / line Positive expo = more mid brake Negative expo = less mid brake
	dragB	off	10 %	0 %	100 %	Drag brake: amount of brake when the throttle is in neutral position
	PWM	2 kHz	2 kHz	1 kHz	45 kHz	Brake PWM frequency. Lower value = more current through motor during braking = more aggressive brake
	parkB	off	off	off	on	Park brake: brakes will be fully engaged when the car is stationary
Reverse						
REVERSE ON reverse activation: 5%	activation	5 %	5 %	1 %	50 %	Percentual position of brake for activation of reverse. You have to go across this threshold twice to activate reversing.
deactivation: 5% power: 20% current mode: fwd-brake <brake <u="">edit boost></brake>	deactivation	5 %	5 %	0 %	50 %	Percentual position of throttle for deactivation of reverse. ESC will switch back to braking mode once you add more power than deactivation threshold.
<u></u>	power	20 %	20 %	1 %	100 %	Power limit when reversing. More power = more speed during reverse, less power = better control
Boost Timing						
	rpm 0	15000	5000	1000	48000	Boost timing will add power to the motor at the price of
	rpm 1	25000	20000	2000	49000	increased power draw, higher temperatures and lower efficiency. It is always zero in low rpm and then can go
BOOST TIMING	rpm 2	50000	50000	3000	50000	up according to these coefficients.
0 @ 15krpm 0 @ 25krpm	boost1	0	0	0	63	50 rpm2 = 5000
0 @ 25krpm plit: no split rpm: 0k boost: 0 <reverse <u="">edit turbo></reverse>	boost2	0	0	0	63	90





Turbo Timing		Turbo t	timing has sar	ne effect as b	oost timing b	ut is activated at full throttle.		
	turbo	0	40	0	50	Turbo timing amount. More value = more top speed and battery strain.		
TURBO TIMING turbo 28	delay	0.2 s	0.03 s	0.00 s	1.00 s	Required time at full throttle until turbo activates		
delay 0.02 s rampup 400 /s down 500 /s turbo: 0 <boost <u="">edit HAngle></boost>	ramp up	100 / s	300 / s	10 / s	1000 / s	Higher value = faster turbo increase. When Rx reaches full throttle, system will wait <i>delay</i> time and then the timing will increase at <i>ramp up</i> rate until <i>turbo</i> value is reached.		
	ramp down	100 / s	300 / s	10 / s	1000 / s	More Ramp down = faster turbo decrease		
Hall Angle	Similar function like	ar function like mechanical timing by motor but in specific rpm range using software. It brings more power efficiency for your power system.						
HALL ANGLE	rpm 0	10000	30000	5000	49000	Start of Hall Angle increase		
0 @ 10krpm 0 @ 44krpm	rpm 1	44000	45000	6000	50000	End of Hall Angle increase		
rpm: 0k angle: 0 <turbo <u="">edit MConf></turbo>	hall angle	0	0	0	20	This value of mechanical timing = Hall angle will be progressively reached between rpm0 and rmp1. The hall angle value will be kept above rpm1 at constant level.		
Drift		1						
DRIFT maxrpm: off romdroo; 5.0k	max rpm	off	45000	10000	60000	Max. rpm value limits motor rpm. You can use this for example to protect drivetrain from excessive rpm in air on jumps.		
rpmdrop: 5.0k rpm: 0.0k <hangle <u="">edit MConf></hangle>	Rpm drop	5	5	0	10	Rpm will have to drop this amount before motor power will be reengaged. If you set rpm drop for example 5k and max. rpm 50k,		
Tringio delle riconi						the rpm will be fluctuating between 45k - 50k.		
Maintenance	Using this function, y	/ou can keep	track of the we	ar of compone	nts of your car.	Each line contains four values:		
		Paused = maintenance item disabled						
MAINTENANCE CONFIG paused 1000 dist	status	us On = maintenance item set up and running Silent = up and running but maintenance events will not be generated						
paused 1000 dist						be generated		
	item name	name of ite	em to track	· manremance	events will not	be generated		
paused 1000 dist paused 1000 dist paused 1000 dist	item name number		em to track			in distance units (depending on next option)		
paused 1000 dist		Selected m Switches b	em to track notor runtime ir etween minute	n minutes or mo	otor revolutions r distance cove			
paused 1000 dist paused 1000 dist	number	Selected m Switches b	em to track notor runtime ir etween minute	n minutes or mo	otor revolutions r distance cove	s in distance units (depending on next option) red. 1 distance unit = 100.000 rotations of motor. That is		
paused 1000 dist. paused 1000 dist. <hangle< td=""> edit protect></hangle<>	number	Selected m Switches b	em to track notor runtime ir etween minute	n minutes or mo	otor revolutions r distance cove	s in distance units (depending on next option) red. 1 distance unit = 100.000 rotations of motor. That is		
Daused	number dist/min	Selected m Switches b distance us	em to track notor runtime in etween minute sually covered i	n minutes or mo es or runtime o n approx. one 5	otor revolutions r distance cove min race (depo	is in distance units (depending on next option) ored. 1 distance unit = 100.000 rotations of motor. That is ending on track and gear ratio). ESC begins to limit power when battery voltage		
paused 1000 dist paused 1000 dist <hangle edit="" protect=""> Protection PROTECTION voltage warning: 3.2 V voltage cutoff: 3.1 V motor limit: 120 °C ESC limit: 120 °C</hangle>	number dist/min voltage warning	Selected m Switches b distance us	em to track notor runtime in etween minute sually covered i	n minutes or mo es or runtime o n approx. one 5	otor revolutions r distance cove min race (depo	in distance units (depending on next option) red. 1 distance unit = 100.000 rotations of motor. That is ending on track and gear ratio). ESC begins to limit power when battery voltage drops to this value ESC power will be reduced to zero when battery		
paused 1000 dist paused 1000 dist <hangle edit="" protect=""> Protection PROTECTION voltage warning: 3.2 V voltage cutoff: 3.1 V motor limit: 120 °C</hangle>	number dist/min voltage warning voltage cutoff	Selected m Switches b distance us 3.6 V 3.4 V	em to track notor runtime ir etween minute sually covered i 3.4 V 3.3 V	n minutes or mores or runtime on approx. one 5	otor revolutions r distance cove min race (depo	in distance units (depending on next option) red. 1 distance unit = 100.000 rotations of motor. That is ending on track and gear ratio). ESC begins to limit power when battery voltage drops to this value ESC power will be reduced to zero when battery voltage drops to this value ESC begins to limit power when motor reaches		
paused 1000 dist paused 1000 dist <hangle edit="" protect=""> Protection PROTECTION voltage warning: 3.2 V voltage cutoff: 3.1 V motor limit: 120 °C ESC limit: 120 °C</hangle>	number dist/min voltage warning voltage cutoff motor limit	Selected m Switches b distance us 3.6 V 3.4 V 100 °C	em to track notor runtime ir etween minute sually covered i 3.4 V 3.3 V 100 °C	a minutes or mores or runtime on approx. one 5	otor revolutions r distance cove min race (depo	in distance units (depending on next option) red. 1 distance unit = 100.000 rotations of motor. That is ending on track and gear ratio). ESC begins to limit power when battery voltage drops to this value ESC power will be reduced to zero when battery voltage drops to this value ESC begins to limit power when motor reaches this temperature ESC begins to limit power when ESC reaches this		
paused 1000 dist paused 1000 dist <hangle edit="" protect=""> Protection PROTECTION voltage warning: 3.2 V voltage cutoff: 3.1 V motor limit: 120 °C ESC limit: 120 °C <mconf calib="" edit="" rx=""></mconf></hangle>	number dist/min voltage warning voltage cutoff motor limit	Selected m Switches b distance us 3.6 V 3.4 V 100 °C	em to track notor runtime ir etween minute sually covered i 3.4 V 3.3 V 100 °C	a minutes or mores or runtime on approx. one 5	otor revolutions r distance cove min race (depo	in distance units (depending on next option) red. 1 distance unit = 100.000 rotations of motor. That is ending on track and gear ratio). ESC begins to limit power when battery voltage drops to this value ESC power will be reduced to zero when battery voltage drops to this value ESC begins to limit power when motor reaches this temperature ESC begins to limit power when ESC reaches this		
paused 1000 dist paused 1000 dist <hr/>	number dist/min voltage warning voltage cutoff motor limit ESC limit voltage	Selected m Switches b distance us 3.6 V 3.4 V 100 °C 125 °C	em to track notor runtime in etween minute sually covered in 3.4 V 3.3 V 100 °C 125 °C 6.00 V	3.1 V 3.0 V 70 °C 125 °C	4.1 V 4.0 V 150 °C 7.4 V	ESC begins to limit power when battery voltage drops to this value ESC begins to limit power when battery voltage drops to this value ESC begins to limit power when battery voltage drops to this value ESC begins to limit power when motor reaches this temperature ESC begins to limit power when ESC reaches this temperature Using this value, you can change BEC voltage for your servo and receiver in 0.05V steps. Higher voltage means more speed and power for your servo. If the battery voltage is below approx. 7.8 V, BEC voltage output will be decreased accordingly because of voltage drop on the switching regulator.		
paused 1000 dist paused 1000 dist <hangle edit="" protect=""> Protection PROTECTION voltage warning: 3.2 V voltage cutoff: 3.1 V motor limit: 120 °C ESC limit: 120 °C <mconf calib="" edit="" rx=""> BEC BEC voltage: 6.85 V voltage: 6.83 V <pre></pre></mconf></hangle>	number dist/min voltage warning voltage cutoff motor limit ESC limit voltage	Selected m Switches b distance us 3.6 V 3.4 V 100 °C 125 °C	em to track notor runtime in etween minute sually covered in 3.4 V 3.3 V 100 °C 125 °C 6.00 V	3.1 V 3.0 V 70 °C 125 °C	4.1 V 4.0 V 150 °C 7.4 V	ESC begins to limit power when battery voltage drops to this value ESC begins to limit power when battery voltage drops to this value ESC begins to limit power when battery voltage drops to this value ESC begins to limit power when motor reaches this temperature ESC begins to limit power when ESC reaches this temperature Using this value, you can change BEC voltage for your servo and receiver in 0.05V steps. Higher voltage means more speed and power for your servo. If the battery voltage is below approx. 7.8 V, BEC voltage output will be decreased accordingly because of voltage drop on the switching regulator.		
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SETTING 2	ltem	Comments				
GUI CUSTOMIZATION						
GUI CUSTOMIZATION primary options scr.: throttle	Primary options screen	Sets up which blue settings screen shows up first. All of them will be accessible through left/right buttons, this just allows you to set up fast access to your favorite one.				
temperature units: °C	Temperature units	°C or °F				
splashscreen: on blinky ID: blinking BLINKY <config <u="">edit graphsCust></config>	Splashscreen	ELCERAM splashscreen enable. Pease not that disabling splashscreen will not speed up boot — ESC starts controlling motor as soon as valid Rx signal is received regardless of screen content.				
	Blinky ID	Customizes main screen identification if you have no timing set up (stock category).				
GRAPHS						
CUSTOMIZATION	Record length	Harizantal avia ranga in minutas				
GRAPHS CUSTOMIZATION	Rpm graph max	Horizontal axis range in minutes Rpm (blue) graph vertical axis range				
record length: 10 min rpm graph max: 50k	Npiii grapii illax	On = system starts to record data from fresh after specified period of inactivity.				
autoreset: off delay: 1.0s <guicust edit="" volt.calib=""></guicust>	autoreset	Use this if you need to have ESC powered up for a long time before race and want to have graphs showing the race.				
***************************************	Delay	Minimum inactivity period for autoreset which will cause reset				
VOLTMETERS						
CALIBRATION						
VOLTMETERS CALIBRATION battery voltage 7.45 V BEC voltage 6.82 V	Battery voltage	Voltmeter is calibrated from factory. Edit this number if recalibration is needed. See chapter below for details.				
<graphscust <u="">edit Temp.calib></graphscust>	BEC voltage	Voltmeter is calibrated from factory. Edit this number if recalibration is needed. See chapter below for details.				
THERMOMETERS CALIBRATION						
THERMOMETERS CALIBRATION	ESC temperature	Thermometer is calibrated from factory. Edit this number if recalibration is needed. See chapter below for details.				
ESC temperature 26 °C motor temperature LOW motor beta 4200	Motor temperature	Thermometer is calibrated from factory. Edit this number if recalibration is needed. See chapter below for details.				
<volt.calib <u="">edit Ammet.calib></volt.calib>	Motor beta	Characteristics of motor thermometer. Obtain exact value from motor manufacturer to get precise data. Default value of 4200 is acceptable for most motors, unless manufacturer uses				
AMPEREMETER		nonstandard output. See chapter below for details.				
CALIBRATION						
AMMETER CALIBRATION current -0.3 A correction 0.0 %	Current	Ammeter is calibrated from factory. Edit this number if recalibration is needed. See chapter below for details.				
<temp.calib <u="">edit SW ver></temp.calib>	Correction	Scales the output to match your ecosystem if necessary. See chapter below for details.				
FIRMWARE FIRMWARE ver 2.0.0 28.03.2025 14:33:14 <ammet.calib credits=""></ammet.calib>	Firmware version and mar	nufacture date of this batch of CPU board.				
FACTORY RESET FACTORY RESET reset to factory settings <credits <u="">RESET snapshot></credits>	This will reset ESC settings to factory values. Please note that history will <i>not</i> be erased (see black HISTORY screen).					
SNAPSHOT SNAPSHOT LAST 8.0s <pre></pre> <pre></pre> <pre></pre> <pre></pre> <pre>config></pre>	"black box" high resolution short time graph for diagnostics. Color of lines match colors of standard graphs, records only when the motor is turning. See chapter below for details.					





CONFIG		
CONFIG motor poles: 4 battery: 4S motor direction: normal	Motor poles	Choice between 2/4/6/8 motor poles. Set according a motor which you are using. Incorrect setting will make all rpm values incorrect. Small motors are usually 2 pole, bigger 4 pole, consult motor manufacturer's documentation for correct value.
	Battery	Choice between 2S/4S battery. Sets up undervoltage protection and voltage graph scale. IMPORTANT: make sure that you never use 4S battery with 2S setting – undervoltage protection level will be incorrect and you may destroy your battery by discharging too much.
RX deadzone: 3.0 % RX; err :afe RX; on	Motor direction	Choice between normal/reversed rotation.
sarekx: on <snapshot <u="">edit GUIcust></snapshot>	RX deadzone	Deadzone close to min/neutral/max. This is necessary to compensate for transmitter mechanical inaccuracy. You can try to decrease this number if you have high quality radio set, increase in case of any problems.
	Safe RX	Safe Rx will prevent motor from suddenly turning during power up if you have the throttle pressed. You have to return the throttle to neutral before going forward.





Setup sheet	Parameter	Buggy 1/8 dirt	Explanation	Default value
Motor Rotor (mm)		1900 kV		-
Motor Timing (°)		30	-	_
Active FAN		No	-	
Throttle		,,,,		
THROTTLE	PWM	8 kHz		8 kHz
PWM: 8.0 kHz expo: 0 response: +0	expo	0	Lower PWM frequency, more current	0
throttle: 0%	response	+0	through motor and more aggressive throttle response	+0
profile <u>edit</u> brake>	throttle	0 %		0 %
Brake				
	min	10 %		10 %
RAKE	max	100 %	-	100 %
in: 8% max: 100% (po: 0 dragB 10%	expo	0	Lower PWM frequency, more brake torque,	0
WM: 2.0 kHz parkB off brake: -10%	dragB	0 %	more aggressive brake response	0 %
throttle <u>edit</u> reverse>	PWM	2 kHz	-	2 kHz
	parkB			off
Boost Timing	·			
DOST TIMING	rpm 0	15k		15k
0 @ 15krpm	rpm 1	25k		25k
0 @ 25krpm 0 @ 40krpm split: nosplit	rpm 2	40k	More boost timing, more power in rpm	40k
m: Ok boost: O	boost1	0	range, less efficiency of power system	0
reverse <u>edit</u> turbo>	boost2	0	-	0
Turbo Timing				
JRBO TIMING	turbo	15	More turbo value, more top speed. More ramp up = faster turbo increase	15
rbo 28 Nay 0.02 s	delay	0.05 s		0.05
mpup 400/s down 500/s	ramp up	250/s		250/9
turbo: 0 boost <u>edit</u> HAngle>	ramp down	350/s		350/9
Hall Angle	· ·			
ALL ANGLE	rpm 0	10k		10k
0 @ 10krpm	rpm 1	44k	Hall Angle = SW controlled Mechanical	44k
0 @ 44krpm	тритт	448	timing. More hall angle, more rpm, less	441
m: 0k angle: 0 turbo <u>edit</u> MConf>	hall angle	0	torque, less efficiency of power system	0
Drift		I		
RIFT naxrpm: off pm drop: 5.0k	max rpm	off		off
rpm: 0.0 k :HAngle <u>edit</u> MConf >	rpm drop	5.0k		5.0k
Protection		I		
ROTECTION	voltage	3.6 V		3.6 V
oltage warning: 3.2 V	warning		! Warning voltage cutoff below 3.4 V can	
ltage cutoff: 3.1 V otor limit: 120 °C	voltage	3.5 V	decrease life of your batteries and/or cause	3.5 V
Climit: 120°C	cutoff motor limit	100 °C	direct damage to your battery	100 °(
mConf <u>edit</u> RX calib>			-	100 C
BEC	ESC limit	125°C		125 (
EC oltage: 6.85 V voltage: 6.83 V :protect <u>edit</u> RXcalib>	BEC voltage	6 V	Higher BEC voltage makes your servo faster	6 V





8. RX Calibration

! WARNING! Keep the sensor cable disconnected during the first power on until ESC is calibrated with your radio system to avoid unexpected motor start!

! WARNING! We recommend to use one of the radio control systems compatible with OXIDE – listed in chapter 4. The table will be extended during the time.

! WARNING! If you have Futaba Radio system, please reverse throttle on the transmitter before first turn on!



For radio system calibration, choose the RX CALIBRATION in the **Blue menu** (picture above) using the buttons. Press calibrate button and hold it for approx. 1s. Push full throttle, full brake and return to neutral. Then press the Ok button. The calibration is done.

9. Temperature, Voltage and Amperemeter Calibration

ESC Temperature Calibration

The temperature of your ESC was calibrated in factory. If needed you can re-calibrate it.

For this case use the thermometer for ensuring the ambient temperature. Then choose the THERMOMETERS CALIBRATION in the Yellow menu (picture below) using the setting buttons. Set the ESC temperature according to the ambient temperature using edit button and then +/- buttons and press Ok. The temperature calibration is done.

! TIP! The calibration should be finished short time after switching on, because ESC heats up itself.

Motor Temperature Calibration

If temperature NTC sensor is included in your motor, the motor temperature has to be calibrated.

For motor temperature calibration let the car with motor to stabilize in room temperature for at least 20 minutes. Then turn ESC on and go to Yellow THERMOMETERS CALIBRATION screen.



Check motor temperature: If the temperature is displayed, but is significantly lower than expected (in the order of 20°C/36F less) then you have a motor with nonstandard temperature sensor wiring. In that case increase motor beta by 2000 first (for example 4200 -> 6200), save and check temperature again.



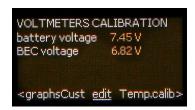


Set the motor temperature according to ESC temperature using +/- buttons. Then press Ok. The temperature calibration is done.

! TIP! In some cases, you will need to change motor beta dependence according to temperature sensor used by motor manufacturer. Default value 4200 (or 6200 for nonstandard motors) has acceptable accuracy for most motors.

Battery and BEC voltage Calibration

Measure battery/BEC voltage using a multimeter. Then choose the VOLTMETERS CALIBRATION in the Yellow menu (picture below) and set the measured value using edit button and +/-.



Ammeter Calibration

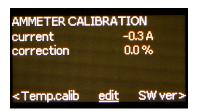
You can use this screen to calibrate zero current. Unplug BEC cable and edit number on first line to set desired value.

Purpose of "correction" setting is to allow you customizing output to your ecosystem. Battery chemistry is not 100% efficient, you can always expect to discharge less than recharge (rest is spent as battery heating up), and each charger measures mAh with unknown error.

ESC is set up in factory against calibrated charger when using typical battery. If you want to match battery discharge with eg. number shown on your personal charger set correction to suitable value.

Please note:

- current draw of running ESC alone is approx. 0.06A. You will see combined draw of ESC, motor, receiver, servo and any other accessories connected to BEC output.
- ESC is optimized for racing (max. power, min. weight and size), it is not able nor supposed to be as accurate as standalone specialized instrument.
- each ESC is individually calibrated and compensated in factory but 100% accuracy cannot be guaranteed during extreme temperature swings in race conditions







10. Zero Timing / Blinky / Stock Mode

OXIDE also supports the Zero timing / Blinky / Stock mode.

Switching to Zero Timing Mode

If all of these parameters - Turbo Timing, Boost Timing and Hall Angle in **Blue menu** (Setting 1) - are set to 0, the ESC is switched to Zero Timing Mode. In this case, the inscription "ZERO TIMING" is blinking green on the main screen.

Alternatively, the user can change this sign for the inscription "BLINKY" or "STOCK" and choose, if the inscription will be static or blinky. The option can be made in Yellow menu (Setting 2): Setting $2 \rightarrow$ Gui Customization \rightarrow blinky ID



Changing of inscription does not affect the function of Zero Timing Mode, it's just an ID to display on main screen. Please use ID which complies with rules of races you are in.

Switching the Zero Timing Mode Off

If any of these parameters - Turbo Timing, Boost Timing or Hall Angle - are set to a different value than 0, the Zero Timing mode is switched off and the inscription "ZERO TIMING" disappears from the display.

11. The Motor Choice

OXIDE 1/8 was tested with the most of sensored motors available on the market, with or without temperature sensor. If motor has no temperature sensor, "LOW" will be displayed.

OXIDE 1/8 has very linear and smooth throttle characteristics especially if boost timing is set to zero. From this point of view consider carefully the choice of your Motor Turns.

For motor type recommendation for use in various types of RC cars at various track types, please refer to the Setup sheet in chapter 7.





12. Troubleshooting: EVENTs and SNAPSHOT screens

OXIDE 1/8 has revolutionary self-diagnostics and you can see the event notifications before and after race immediately on the display.

The example of the events you can see in the picture bellow:

These events inform you that:



In the time 0:00 the ESC has no Rx signal from your Receiver.

In the time 0:12 was your battery overloaded with high current consumption. This happened 2 times during this session.

In the time 0:20 you reached maximum temperature limit of your motor. Your motor was hotter than limit more than 99 times in this session.

Description of Possible Events:

Displayer	Event Description, common problems and Recommendation
no Rx signal	The ESC does not see a signal from your receiver - Rx. Will be displayed if you switch on ESC before the transmitter is turned on. Transmitter and Receiver not paired. Bind your radio system.
sensor cable	Data from motor sensors are invalid - check your sensor cable connection
motor temp limit	Motor reached "motor limit" temperature - ESC starts to limit max. power
motor temp OVER	Motor temperature exceeded "motor limit" + 5 °C - Motor power will be reduced to the minimum
ESC temp limit	ESC reached "ESC limit" temperature - ESC starts to limit max. power
ESC temp OVER	ESC reached "ESC limit" + 5 °C - ESC power will be reduced to the minimum
battery EMPTY	Battery was discharged below "voltage cutoff" level
low battery	Battery was discharged below "voltage warning" level
battery overload	Current flow was too high for your battery - reduce boost timing, use motor with more turns, get bigger/stronger/less worn battery
pwr limit – check motor	Power flowing through ESC is extremely high - ESC starts to limit max pwr. Usually caused by shorted motor or motor end bell angle incorrect or loose hall sensors magnet in the rotor. Try to change motor.
pwr OVER – check motor	Power flowing through ESC is extremely high - ESC power will be reduced to the minimum. Usually caused by shorted motor or motor end bell angle incorrect or loose hall sensors magnet in the rotor. Try to change motor.
unexpected reset	Current flow was extremely high for your battery and subsequent voltage drop caused ESC reset. Session data are lost and all graphs etc. will start from this moment. Reduce boost timing, use motor with more turns, get bigger/stronger/less worn battery.
maintenance interval	At least one of your maintenance counters reached 100%
MAINTENANCE INTERVAL	At least one of your maintenance counters reached 200%. Lifetime of an item is not tracked beyond 200%.
check RX cable	Poor Rx signal from receiver (noise in data). Check Rx connector, check Rx cable. Verify Rx calibration.
flash read error	Some settings or history will not be saved. Flash memory may be worn out. Try reset to factory settings.
flash write error	Some settings or history will not be saved. Flash memory may be worn out. Try reset to factory settings.





	BEC voltage under 2V. May be generated by servo in big crashes or battery voltage dips during
BEC voltage low	battery overload.
	Check insulation of Rx and servo cables for possible short circuit. Bad servo motor, replace servo.

Snapshot screen



Snapshot screen provides a "black box" view for analysis of crash or any other problem. Records only when the motor is turning, keeping recorded data when the motor is stopped. It is set to record last eight seconds by default but mode can be switched by long press to shorter time or to record first seconds of motor run if you need to analyze acceleration from standstill.

Colors match colors in standard graphs: yellow is battery voltage, orange is BEC voltage, green is throttle position, blue is engine RPM, purple is current.

Purple line (current) has highly nonlinear scale (log-like) to show both extremely high currents in case some HW faults and small currents to see details. First pixel from zero is approx. 0.1A, second 0.2A, then smoothly changes scale to reach 3A at 10th pixel and continues with two pixels step per double the current. In simple terms, it starts with extremely high resolution close to zero and each pixel means 40% more current later, visually zooming small values and flattening peaks.

Additional Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution
Display is frozen, white or any other visible artifacts are present	Dirty connector or contact Momentarily lost during crash Electrostatic discharge	Hold settings buttons to reset display. Check and clean the connector. Use new cover.
Motor is tugging and ECS temperature rises	Wrong phase connection	Check cables to motor (A B C).
BEC voltage drops or inaccurate	Discharged battery or battery voltage dips	BEC voltage will be always slightly below battery voltage. High motor draw makes therefore both battery and BEC voltage to drop. Typical BEC voltage accuracy is +-2% due to extreme nature of ESC (size/weight/temperatures).
	Red "RX" flashing on main screen? → Rx problem	Turn on transmitter. Check BEC cable to receiver. Re-calibrate Rx
Motor does not run	Red "SENS" flashing on main screen? Sensor cable problem	Check sensor cable and connectors — use main screen/info to verify signals.
	Rx number on main screen is not blue? BSC protection active	Safe Rx active – return throttle to neutral. Overheat/undervoltage – see below





	Voltage number on main screen is red? → Discharged battery or incorrect protection setup	Charge battery or battery protection not set up correctly – re-calibrate battery voltmeter and check blue "Protection" screen.
	Temperature on main screen is red? Motor or esc overheated	let it cool down
	Sensor cable fault.	Replace sensor cable.
	Motor has no temperature sensor	Replace motor.
Motor temperature shows "LOW"	Too low ambient temperature	ESC is not able to measure temperatures deep below freezing point. Wait for motor to warm up.
Motor temperature shows a number significantly lower than expected when at room temperature	Motor with nonstandard temperature sensor wiring	Correct with motor beta – see temperature calibration section in this manual
Motor temperature starts at strange temperature and then settles down.	Motor uses temperature signal for other purposes for some time after power up.	Some motor manufacturers do this. Just wait for temperature to settle down or replace motor for well behaving.
Current not showing zero value when	Current is drawn by devices connected to BEC output	Verify zero with BEC cable unplugged.
it should	Zero is shown when ESC is cold but not when hot	Check ammeter calibration section for additional information and context.

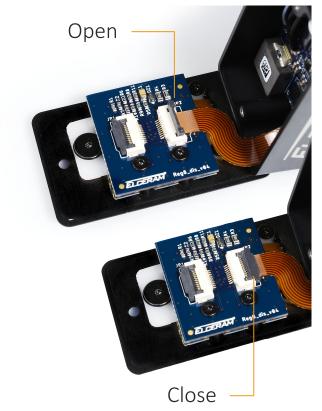




13. Display and Maintenance

Display is very resistant and does not need any maintenance. We suggest cleaning using microfiber cloth.





Please be informed, that the cover with display and buttons is replaceable in case of any incident – spare part number ELC012.

Cover orientation can be customized: you can rotate the cover 180 degrees to get better fit in your car.

To change or rotate cover, unscrew the 2 screws using screwdriver and carefully lift the cover. Open the connector holder as shown in the picture on the left. Rotate or replace cover, open corresponding connector, insert flex cable into it, make sure the cable is in correct position and deep enough and close the connector. BE CAREFUL: connectors are not designed to handle force and should not require force to close. Double check flex placement if the connector does not close easily. Screw the cover back.

Avoid dust contamination when opening the ESC.

Do not disconnect cover too often, connectors are designed to handle only a couple of disconnections and reconnections.

There is very small probability that the image on display will be frozen or display will turn backlight to white or black after big car crash or due to a electrostatic discharge. This can happen because of display connector losing contact for a short time. In this case you can reset display by holding settings buttons the same way as to switch to Blue Setting.





14. Option parts

Part number	Description	Picture
ELCO12	New OXIDE 1/8 Aluminium Cover with display and buttons. New screws included.	
ELCO13	External Low ESR Capacitors for OXIDE 1/8 soldered on the ceramic PCB with thick silver layer	Ta ma
ELCO15	ELCERAM RC Cables AWG11 for OXIDE 1/8 1 m	SUCCEPAU AS WARM COMES ACCEPAU AS WARM COMES
ELC004	Universal Graphite Plate 50 x 60 x 1 mm	





15. Recycling

R₀HS

Electronic devices marked with the crossed-out dustbin symbol must not be disposed of in normal household waste, but must instead be handed in at a specialized collection and recycling facility.



16. Conformity and Declarations

The producer, company ELCERAM a.s., hereby declares that Electronic Speed Controller OXIDE 1/8 complies with the requirements of relevant directives, regulations and harmonized European standards.



The full text of the EU Declaration of Conformity is available at following website: www.elceram-rc.com.